for such purposes are dealt with thereunder. The Director of Water Resources at Edmonton is responsible for all field administration. The Irrigation Districts Act of Alberta (R.S.A., 1922, c. 114) and amending statutes provide for the formation of irrigation districts, and authorize the raising of loans under by-laws adopted by the voters of the district. Table 38 gives statistics of the larger irrigation projects in Alberta for the years 1935 and 1936.

	Source of Supply.	1935.			1936.		
Project.		Irri- gable Area.	Length of Canals.	Area Irrigated in 1935.	Irri- gable Area.	Length of Canals.	Area Irrigated in 1936.
		acres.	miles.	acres.	acres.	miles.	acres.
C.P.R. Lethbridge Canada Land Taber Lethbridge Northern United New West Magrath Raymond Mountain View	Belly river Bow river St. Mary river St. Mary river Belly river	218,980 100,000 130,000 21,499 96,871 34,166 4,563 6,975 15,130 3,500	1,566 196 453 96 600 175 24 90 16 22	19,109 70,000 22,694 19,471 73,022 12,000 2,066 4,000 13,000 3,000	218,980 100,000 130,000 21,499 96,777 34,166 4,563 6,975 15,130 3,500 3,003	1,347 196 453 99 600 175 24 90 16	44,614 75,274 24,453 19,123 62,790 18,000 2,207 4,000 13,000 2,900 200
New West	Bow river St. Mary river St. Mary river	4,563 6,975 15,130	24 90 16	2,066 4,000 13,000	4,563 6,975 15,130	24 90 16	1

38.-Major Irrigation Projects in Southern Alberta, 1935 and 1936.

The Canadian Pacific Railway Co. has constructed three large projects known as the Eastern, Western, and Lethbridge sections, the last-named being the oldest irrigation project in Alberta. In 1935 the interests of the Company in the Eastern project were transferred to the water contract holders, who are now operating under the name of the Eastern Irrigation District. By agreement with the Canadian Pacific Railway Co., the Taber, Magrath, and Raymond irrigation districts procure their water supply from the main canal of the Lethbridge section, a further 43,603 acres being served by the canals of these districts.

The total irrigable area served by the Canada Land and Irrigation Co.'s project is 130,000 acres, while the New West Irrigation District, by agreement with the Canada Land and Irrigation Co., receives a water supply for a further irrigable area of 4,563 acres.

In addition to the irrigated tracts enumerated in the foregoing table, there are approximately 360 privately-owned projects in Alberta, with a possible irrigable area of 56,724 acres.

British Columbia.*—The surface waters of British Columbia are vested in the Crown in the right of the province and are administered by the Water Rights Branch of the Department of Lands under the Water Act, the Drainage Dyking and Development Act and the Ditches and Watercourses Act. The administration of the Acts is vested in the Comptroller of Water Rights and the Water Board, the latter comprising a Chairman, the Comptroller of Water Rights and the Chief Engineer of the Branch.

Licences to use water for irrigation are issued by the Comptroller of Water Rights, and since 1858, when the first right to use water was given, upwards of 9,000 irrigation licences have been issued.

^{*} Revised by J. C. MacDonald, Comptroller of Water Rights, Department of Lands, Victoria, British Columbia.